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AUGMENTATION AWARDS FOR SCIENCE & ENGINEERING RESEARCH TRAINING (AASERT) REPORTING FORM

The Department of Defense (DOD) requires certain information to evaluate the effectiveness of the AASERT program. By accepting this Grant Modification, which bestows the AASERT funds, the Grantee agrees to provide the information requested below to the Government's technical point of contact by each annual anniversary of the AASERT award date.

anniversary of the AASER	award date.	
1. Grantee identification	on data: (R & T and	Grant numbers found on Page I of Grant)
a. Regents of the Un	iversity of California	
University Name		
b. <u>N00014-90-J-1645</u>	c . 42	25312105
Grant Number		R & T Number
d. <u>Ken C. Macdonald</u> P.I. Name	e. <u>:</u>	rom:1 Jun 1992 To:30 Sep 1996 AASTRT Reporting Period
NOTE: Grant to which AASERT award is at	sached is referred to hereafte	r as "Parent Agr eemen t."
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b. Number FTEGS:	7	
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b. Number FTEGS:	4	
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a. Funding:	\$ 100,475	
b. Number FTEGS:		
c. Number UGS:	0	
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1 len C Warlow	ald	8/11/97
Principal Investigator		Date

ONR FINAL REPORT: GEOLOGIC/ACOUSTIC NATURAL LABORATORY ON THE EAST PACIFIC RISE [N00014-90-J-1645]

K. C. Macdonald, Department of Geological Sciences, UCSB, Santa Barbara, CA 93106

Our goal has been to understand the primary variables that control the shape of the deep ocean floor, and to facilitate the efforts of other ONR researchers toward this goal by making high resolution sonar data available and side-scan bathymetric The primary project objective, to establish a long-term community. Geologic/Acoustic Natural Laboratory (GANL) near 7°50'-10°30'N on the East Pacific Rise, has been achieved and published in a widely circulated map series. The GANL for a fast-spreading environment includes total coverage at a large scale within the area using combined Sea Beam and SeaMARC II bathymetry and side scan sonar. This objective has been achieved not only for the designated ONR Laboratory, but also for the East Pacific Rise and its flanks from 7°N to 18°N. We have also completed most of the quantitative interpretation of these data to assess the roles of faulting vs. volcanism in creating the ubiquitous abyssal hills of the ocean floor, the most common yet poorly understood terrain element on the earth's solid surface [see Alexander and Macdonald, 1996].

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